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# AMERICAN BLOWER COMPANY

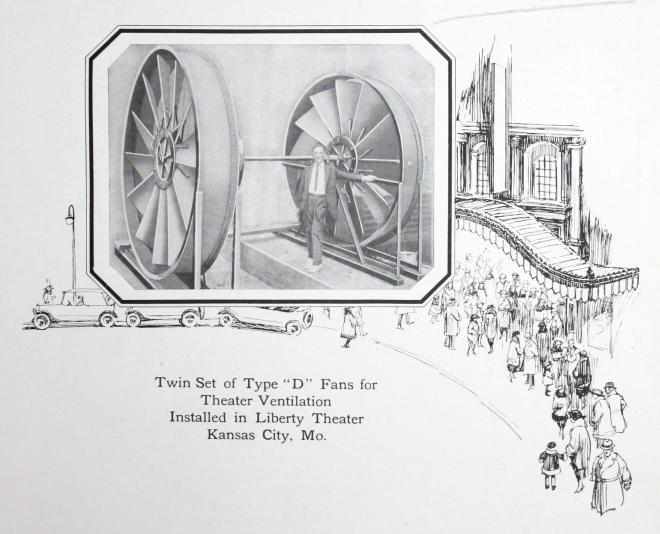
DETROIT, MICHIGAN, U.S.A.

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## "A B C" Type "D" Disc Ventilating Fans



"Sirocco"

### The "ABC" Disc Ventilating Fan

TYPE "D"

This fan is designed to deliver a maximum volume of air with the least possible expenditure of power. It is of rugged construction but sufficiently light to make its operation easy.

It is so designed that it handles air efficiently either under free delivery conditions or when discharging or exhausting through ventilating shafts and ducts, or through furnaces or steam coils for heating and drying.

#### CONSTRUCTION

Base—A heavy iron casting, insuring freedom from vibration, is used on sizes up to 72; larger sizes have heavy flanges around the casing for attachment to wall or other supports.

Arms—Of cast iron, with a yoke in the center to support the bearings. The ends of the arms are helted.

AMERICAN BLOWER CO.
DETROIT, MICH.

Standard Base Type Sizes 18 to 72

ends of the arms are bolted to the fan casing.

Casing—Of sheet steel, completely enclosing the fan blades.

Shaft—Of the best quality of hot rolled carbon steel.

Bearings—Fans up to size sixty are regularly furnished with sleeve type bearings held in position by set screws. Ring oiling bearings can also be furnished. Fans size 72, and larger, are provided with ring oiling self-aligning bearings.

Blades and Central Discs—These two features are the basis of the large volume of air handled and the ability of the fan to deliver air efficiently against resistance. There are twelve blades, each overlapping the one next to it, and bolted to each of two large central discs, one of which is on either side. The function of the discs is the prevention of back flow through the central area when air is being delivered against pressure. Wheels size 42 and larger have a steel band around the periphery, giving great strength to the wheel and insuring perfect balance.

This wheel design, with twelve overlapping blades and the central discs, gives a maximum capacity at a given speed, or a minimum speed for a given volume, at the same time maintaining a high efficiency.



#### PRINCIPAL APPLICATIONS OF TYPE "D" FANS

General Ventilation—Good ventilation is economically and hygienically necessary for all who must remain indoors. To insure good ventilation reliable equipment must be used and where a disc type of fan can be applied the Type "D" will meet the most exacting requirements.

In selecting a ventilating fan make sure that the fan is large enough. The following table gives approximate air changes recommended for different applications:

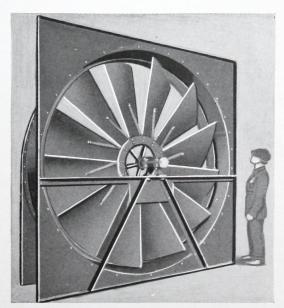
5 to 10 Min. Kitchens 2 to 3 Min. Toilets -3 to 5 Min. Laundries -5 Min. 5 to 10 Min. Bakeries -3 Min. Theaters Cabins -5 Min. Assembly Halls -5 to 10 Min. Tunnels -1 to 10 Min. Garages -5 Min. Projecting Booths  $\frac{1}{2}$  to 2 Min. Dining Rooms - 15 Min. Lodge Rooms - 10 Min. Foundries - 5 to 15 Laboratories - -3 to 10 Min. Conduits - -1 to 10 Min. 5 to 15 Min. Ship Holds - - 10 Min.

For other crowded rooms at least 30 cubic feet of air per person per minute should be allowed for ventilation only, and proportionally more if noxious gases, fumes, or heat are present.

In order to determine the volume of air required, obtain the cubical contents of the room to be ventilated by multiplying the height, by the width, by the length. Divide this cubical content by the air changes per minute required, which will give the cubic feet of air per minute which the fan must handle. In the list above, variable air changes are shown, such as in the case of assembly halls where air changes of from 5 to 10 minutes are recommended. The low figure is intended for bad conditions, the high figure for conditions somewhat above the average. Judgment should be used in applying these figures.

Removal of Heat and Vapors— The heat and vapors generated in many industrial processes are a source of annovance, frequently retarding production, and causing rapid deterioration of the building structure and equipment. The removal of this heat or vapor usually requires the handling of large volumes of air, for which the Type "D" fan is especially adapted. Cases of this character are dye-houses, paper mills, pickling rooms, foundries, laundries, battery rooms and chemical plants. There are also industries in which dust is produced and in which beneficial results, particularly from the standpoint of the employee's health, are accomplished by the removal of the dust by the use of Type "D" Fans.

Theaters—Adequate ventilation is essential in making a

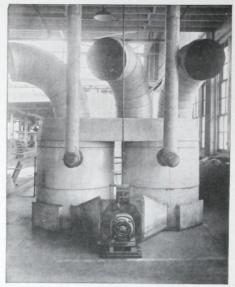


9 ft. Theater Fan Type "D", Installed in Jefferson Theater, Jefferson City, Mo.



theater or auditorium attractive to its patrons. Proper ventilation can be most easily effected by a rapid change of air within the theater, particularly if this is accompanied by an air movement that is perceptible to the audience. To effectively take care of the conditions that exist during the summer an installation of this character is almost imperative. Type "D" fans are admirably adapted for this duty and are used in large numbers for this type of ventilating system.

Warm Air Heating Furnaces—Frequently the movement of air in warm air heating furnaces is sluggish, even under conditions of high temperatures in the crown of the furnace and particularly so when a banked fire has lowered the



Motor-Driven Type "D" Fan Used With Warm Air Furnace Installed at Haughton Elevator Co., Toledo, Ohio

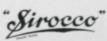
temperature of the air to a point where natural gravity flow is not sustained. In installations of this character, or in systems using extensive duct systems for the distribution of the air, the proper circulation may be produced by the use of a Type "D" fan with the furnace.



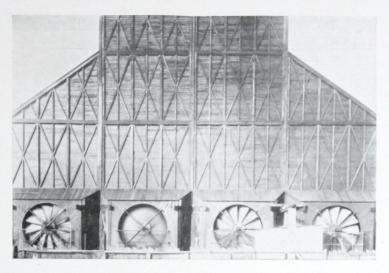
Type "D" Fans in use at Essex Motor Car Co., Detroit

Mine Ventilation—Practically all mines in the early stages of development can be effectively ventilated by Type "D" fans. Where the resistance of the mine to the flow of air is low, and will not exceed one inch water gauge, Type "D" fans may be used for the permanent ventilating apparatus.

Cooling Towers—The supplying of large quantities of water at moderate temperatures can frequently be economically accomplished by the use of cooling towers. In these cooling towers the cooling effect is produced by the absorption of a large amount of water vapor. The water is cooled by giving up its heat in the form of heat of vaporization to the evaporated portion taken



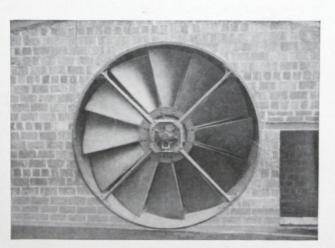
up by a current of air. This requires a large volume of air at a low pressure, for which the Type "D" fan is especially suited.



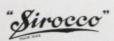
Four of 16-10 foot Type "D" Fans Used for Cooling Tower, Oklahoma Gas and Electric Co., Oklahoma City, Okla.

Drying Systems—Two vital factors in the drying of materials, as lumber, clay products, paper, fruits, vegetables, chemicals, etc., are heat and air circulation. Type "D" fans, in conjunction with heaters, have been widely and successfully used for years for supplying the heat and proper circulation of the heated air and as exhaust fans for removal of the moisture laden air.

Cooling in Industrial Plants—One of the most effective means of overcoming the effect of high temperatures in industrial plants, as steel mills, furnace rooms, glass plants, etc., is by rapid movement of air in the vicinity where the heat is generated. Permanent or portable installations of type "D" fans have proven to be an effective and inexpensive method of taking care of these conditions.



Type "D" Fan Installed at Alliance Brick Co., Alliance, Ohio



#### SELECTION OF FANS FROM PERFORMANCE TABLES

On the following pages are tables of performance of Type "D" fans under free delivery conditions and also for delivery against maintained resistances. These tables are guaranteed to be correct for the conditions as stated and are based on exact tests conducted in accordance with the method prescribed in the Standard Test Code as adopted by the American Society of Heating and Ventilating Engineers and the National Association of Fan Manufacturers. Both tables are for fans exhausting from a chamber. Where an exhaust duct is used connecting to the fan casing, the capacities given in the second table will be obtained against the stated resistance at somewhat reduced speeds and with considerably less power. (See note following table.)

It is not always easy to calculate the exact resistance that a given system will offer to the flow of air. It should be noted that the characteristics of disc fans are such that at a given fixed speed a reduction in the resistance results in increased capacity and decreased power. It is advisable to make provision for a reasonable margin of safety in determining the power requirements because an increase in resistance will result in reduced air flow and greater power consumption.

As wind pressure has the same effect as increasing the resistance to the flow of air it is desirable where fans are installed in locations exposed to wind pressure to provide a wind shield. A flat or curved sheet of steel of slightly greater dimensions than the fan casings, placed away from the fan a distance approximately one-half of the diameter of the fan, will effectively prevent wind pressure obstructing the flow of air.

#### QUIET OPERATION

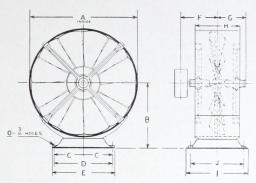
Quietness of operation depends principally upon the speed at which fan is operated. It is also dependent upon the rigidity of the support to which the fan is attached. Noise is, however, relative. A fan which would be entirely satisfactory in a store might, if operated at the same speed in a church, be audible and even objectionable. The following table is given to assist in the selection of fans for various kinds of buildings.

KIND OF BUILDING	MAXIMUM	VELOCITY THROUGH FAN CASING
Church or Theater		600 to 900 feet per minute
School or Office		900 to 1200 feet per minute
Restaurant or Store		1200 to 1500 feet per minute
Kitchen or Laundry -		1500 to 1800 feet per minute
Shop or Industrial Plant -		- 1500 to 1800 feet per minute

While the above velocities are the maximum recommended it must not be overlooked that marked savings in horse power requirements will be effected by the use of lower velocities and larger fans.



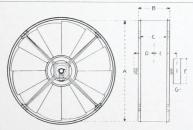
On all sizes up to 72 inches, "ABC" Type "D" Disc Fans are provided with castiron bases; they will be furnished with cast-iron flanges for wall mounting when desired. Angle iron flanges, as shown below, are regularly provided on sizes 84 inches and larger.



Size 18 to 72 Standard Base Type

#### DIMENSIONS IN INCHES

Size	A	В	C	D	Е	F	G	Н	I	J	Pul	Shaft	
											Dia.	Face	Diam
18	19 1/8	13	5 1/2	11	12	8 ½ 8 ½ 8 ½	$6\frac{9}{16}$	10	13 1/4	9 7/8	4	21/4	15 16
24	22 ¼ 25	14 3/4	5 ½ 7 5	11 14 5/8	12 15 ½	10 34	$\frac{6\frac{9}{16}}{8\frac{11}{16}}$	$\frac{10}{1234}$	13 ¼ 19 ¾	9 7/8	5 6	3 1/4 3 1/4	$1^{\frac{15}{16}}_{\frac{19}{16}}$ $1^{\frac{3}{16}}$
21 24 30 36	31	20 1/8	$7\frac{5}{16}$ $9\frac{3}{8}$	1834	22	11 3/8	8 3/4	12 34	19 3/8	18 1/8	8	4 1/4	1 3 1 6
36	37 ½ 42 ½	$\frac{23}{26}$ $\frac{1}{4}$	10 3/8 13 3/8	$ \begin{array}{c c} 20 & \frac{3}{4} \\ 26 & \frac{3}{4} \end{array} $	22 28	$12\frac{5}{8}$ $14$	10	15 1/2	22	18 34	10	4 1/4	15
42 48 54 60 72	49 14	29 3/8	13 3/8	26 34	28	15 3/8	10 5/8 12	17 19 ¼	24 24	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	12 13	5 1/4	$\begin{array}{c} 1\frac{7}{16} \\ 1\frac{9}{16} \end{array}$
54	55 1/4	32 1/4	16 3/4	33 1/2	37 1/2	175	1316	21 1/4	28	26 34	14	5 14	116
60	61 1/4	$\frac{35 \frac{1}{2}}{41 \frac{1}{2}}$	16 ¾ 16 ¾	33 ½ 33 ½	37 ½ 37 ½	$17\frac{1}{2}$ $19\frac{1}{4}$	13 ½ 14 ½	21 1/4	28 28	26 ¾ 26 ¾	16 18	5 1/4 6 1/4	$\begin{array}{c c} 1\frac{15}{16} \\ 2\frac{3}{16} \end{array}$



Size 84 and Larger Angle Iron Flange Type

#### DIMENSIONS IN INCHES WITH ANGLE IRON FLANGES

Size	A	В	С	D	E	F	G
84	85 ½	28	22	18	21	20	71/4
96	97 ½	28	22	18	21	24	7 1/4
108	110	36	29	22 ¾	26	28	8 1/4
120	122	36	29	22 ¾	26	30	9 1/4
132	134	44	36 ½	24 ¾	28	32	10 1/4
144	146	44	36 ½	24 ¾	29	34	12 1/4



# PERFORMANCE TABLE "ABC" DISC FANS, TYPE "D," FREE DELIVERY

	300 Ft. Outlet Vel.										Ft. Outlet 150 Vel.			1500 Ft. Outlet Vel.			1800 Ft. Outlet Vel.		
Size of Fan.	C. F. M.	R. P. M.	В. Н. Р.	C. F. M.	R. P. M.	В. Н. Р.	C. F. M.	R. P. M.	В. Н. Р.	C. F. M.	R. P. M.	В. Н. Р.	C. F. M.	R. P. M.	В. Н. Р.	C. F. M.	R. P. M.	В. Н. Р.	
96 108 120 132	1006 1572 2264 3083 4025 5094 6289 9056 12332 16100 20376 25157 30440 36224	178 148 127 111 99 89 74 64 56 50 45	.01 .01 .02 .02 .03 .03 .05 .07 .09 .11 .14	2012 3145 4528 6166 8050 10188 12578 18112 24664 32200 40752 50313 60880 72448	356 296 254 222 198 178 148 127 111 99 89 81	.04 .07 .10 .13 .17 .22 .27 .39 .53 .70 .88 1.09 1.32 1.57	3019 4717 6792 9249 12076 15282 18868 27168 36996 48302 61128 75471 91320 108672	666 534 444 381 333 298 267 222 191 167 149 134 122 111	4.44	64403	888 712 592 508 444 396 356 296 254 222 198 178 162 148	$8.70 \\ 10.53$	5031 7861 11320 15415 20125 25470 31444 45280 61660 80500 101880 125784 152200 181120	890 740 635 555 496 445 370 318 278 248 223 203	3.44 4.25 6.12 8.34 10.89 13.77 17.00 20.60	6038 9434 13584 18498 24151 30564 37735 54336 73992 96605 122256 150940 182640 217344	1068 888 762 666 594 534 444 381 333 297 267	1.18 1.84 2.65 3.66 4.70 5.95 7.33 10.60 14.40 18.80 23.80 29.40 35.53 42.24	

### PERFORMANCE TABLE "ABC" DISC FANS, TYPE "D"

EXHAUSTING AGAINST RESISTANCE (Measured in inches of water)

	.125" W. G.		.125" W. G.			25" W. G25" W. G.		.375	.375" W. G.			.50" W. G.			.625" W. G.			.75" W. G.		
Size of Fan.	C. F. M.	R. P. M.	В. Н. Р.	C. F. M.	R. P. M.	В. Н. Р.	C. F. M.	R. P. M.	В. Н. Р.	C. F. M.	R. P. M.	В. Н. Р.	C. F. M.	R. P. M.	В. Н. Р.	C. F. M.	R. P. M.	В. Н. Р.		
84 96 108 120	13120 $18893$ $25716$ $33588$ $42508$ $52480$ $63500$	524 436 375 328 290 262 218 188 164 145 131	1.72 2.36 3.08 3.88 4.80 5.80	74240 89800	$\begin{array}{c} 744 \\ 618 \\ 532 \\ 464 \\ 412 \\ 372 \\ 309 \\ 266 \\ 232 \\ 206 \\ 186 \\ 168 \end{array}$	. 54 . 85 1. 22 1. 66 2. 18 2. 75 3. 40 4. 88 6. 64 8. 72 11. 00 13. 60 16. 45 19. 52	$\frac{44608}{58272}$ $73746$	908 758 650 568 506 454 379 325 284 253 227 206	1.56 2.25 3.06 4.00 5.05 6.24 9.00 12.24 16.00 20.20 24.96 30.20	6560 9446 12858 16794 21253 26240 37784 51432 67176	750 656 582 524 436 375 328 291 262 238	46.40	7340 10570 14386 18792 23782 29360 42282 57544 75168	1171 976 840 732 650 585 488 420 366 325 293 266	3.36 4.84 6.59 8.60 10.89 13.44 19.36 26.36 34.40 43.56 53.76 65.00	8040 11578 15758 20584 26050 32160 46312 63034	918 804 714 643 536 459 402 357 322 292	6.35 8.65 11.28 14.29 17.64 25.40 34.60 45.12 57.16		

When exhausting from a duct connected to the fan casing the performance is somewhat different—the speed being approximately 10% less and the B. H. P. 30% less for the same capacity and pressure.

